**Per Personan Control

SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification

Product identifier 2.1 VOC HS Acryl Lacq Prim Blk

Other means of identification

Product Code HT-77401-1

Recommended use Automotive Refinish Lacquer Primer

Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information

Manufacturer

Company name High Teck Products
Address P. O. Box 24631

West Palm Beach, FL 33416

United States

Telephone General Assistance 877-900-8235

E-mail info@highteckproducts.com

Contact person SDS Coordinator

Emergency phone number CHEMTREC 800-424-9300

2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazardsFlammable liquidsCategory 2Health hazardsSkin corrosion/irritationCategory 2Serious eye damage/eye irritationCategory 2ASensitization, skinCategory 1Germ cell mutagenicityCategory 2CarcinogenicityCategory 2

Reproductive toxicity

Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure Category 3 narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity, repeated

exposure

Environmental hazards Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute Category 2

hazard

Hazardous to the aquatic environment, Category 3

long-term hazard

OSHA defined hazards Not classified.

Label elements



Signal word Danger

Hazard statement Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Causes serious eye irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Suspected of causing genetic defects. Suspected of causing cancer. May damage fertility or the unborn child. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Toxic to aquatic life. Harmful to aquatic life

Category 1

Category 1

with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statement

Prevention Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read

and understood. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling.

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace. Avoid release to the environment. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. Response

If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. Call a poison

center/doctor if you feel unwell. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before

reuse. In case of fire: Use appropriate media to extinguish.

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store in a well-ventilated place. Storage

Keep cool. Store locked up.

Disposal Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)

Supplemental information

Static accumulating flammable liquid can become electrostatically charged even in bonded and grounded equipment. Sparks may ignite liquid and vapor. May cause flash fire or explosion.

74.75% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute hazards to the aquatic

environment. 74.75% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown long-term hazards to the aquatic environment.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
Methyl acetate		79-20-9	30 to <40
acetone		67-64-1	10 to <20
Talc		14807-96-6	10 to <20
Magnesium carbonate		546-93-0	5 to <10
1-Methoxy-2-propyl acetate		108-65-6	1 to <5
Dibutyl Phthalate		84-74-2	1 to <5
isopropanol		67-63-0	1 to <5
Nitrocellulose		9004-70-0	1 to <5
Xylene		1330-20-7	1 to <5
Carbon Black		1333-86-4	0.1 to <1
Ethyl benzene		100-41-4	0.1 to <1
Toluene		108-88-3	0.1 to <1
Other components below reportable levels	S		5 to <10

^{*}Designates that a specific chemical identity and/or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

4. First-aid measures

delayed

Inhalation Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON

CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

Remove contaminated clothing immediately and wash skin with soap and water. In case of Skin contact

eczema or other skin disorders. Seek medical attention and take along these instructions. Wash

contaminated clothing before reuse.

Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if Eye contact

present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

Rinse mouth. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Ingestion

Most important

May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Severe eye irritation. symptoms/effects, acute and

Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Dermatitis. Rash. Prolonged

exposure may cause chronic effects.

Material name: 2.1 VOC HS Acryl Lacq Prim Blk HT-77401-1 Version #: 01 Issue date: 06-22-2015 Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

General information

Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Thermal burns: Flush with water immediately. While flushing, remove clothes which do not adhere to affected area. Call an ambulance. Continue flushing during transport to hospital. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.

Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible). Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Alcohol resistant foam. Water fog. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. This product is a poor conductor of electricity and can become electrostatically charged. If sufficient charge is accumulated, ignition of flammable mixtures can occur. To reduce potential for static discharge, use proper bonding and grounding procedures. This liquid may accumulate static electricity when filling properly grounded containers. Static electricity accumulation may be significantly increased by the presence of small quantities of water or other contaminants. Material will float and may ignite on surface of water. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.

Fire fighting equipment/instructions

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.

Specific methods
General fire hazards

Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.

Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Transfer by mechanical means such as vacuum truck to a salvage tank or other suitable container for recovery or safe disposal. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools. Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material.

Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Cover with plastic sheet to prevent spreading. Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. Prevent product from entering drains. Following product recovery, flush area with water.

Small Spills: Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal. Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.

Environmental precautions

Never return spills to original containers for re-use. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS. Avoid release to the environment. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. Inform appropriate managerial or supervisory personnel of all environmental releases. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not handle, store or open near an open flame, sources of heat or sources of ignition. Protect material from direct sunlight. Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Minimize fire risks from flammable and combustible materials (including combustible dust and static accumulating liquids) or dangerous reactions with incompatible materials. Handling operations that can promote accumulation of static charges include but are not limited to: mixing, filtering, pumping at high flow rates, splash filling, creating mists or sprays, tank and container filling, tank cleaning, sampling, gauging, switch loading, vacuum truck operations. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Use non-sparking tools and explosion-proof equipment. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid prolonged exposure. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Pregnant or breastfeeding women must not handle this product. Should be handled in closed systems, if possible. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

For additional information on equipment bonding and grounding, refer to the Canadian Electrical Code in Canada, (CSA C22.1), or the American Petroleum Institute (API) Recommended Practice 2003, "Protection Against Ignitions Arising out of Static, Lightning, and Stray Currents" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 77, "Recommended Practice on Static Electricity" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 70, "National Electrical Code".

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store locked up. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Prevent electrostatic charge build-up by using common bonding and grounding techniques. Eliminate sources of ignition. Avoid spark promoters. Ground/bond container and equipment. These alone may be insufficient to remove static electricity. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Store in original tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

HO COLLA Table 7.4 Limits for Air Contaminants (00 OFR 4040 4000)

Occupational exposure limits

Components	Туре	Value	Form
acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	PEL	2400 mg/m3	
		1000 ppm	
Carbon Black (CAS 1333-86-4)	PEL	3.5 mg/m3	
Dibutyl Phthalate (CAS 84-74-2)	PEL	5 mg/m3	
Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4)	PEL	435 mg/m3	
·		100 ppm	
isopropanol (CAS 67-63-0)	PEL	980 mg/m3	
		400 ppm	
Magnesium carbonate (CAS 546-93-0)	PEL	5 mg/m3	Respirable fraction
,		15 mg/m3	Total dust.
Methyl acetate (CAS 79-20-9)	PEL	610 mg/m3	
		200 ppm	
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)	PEL	435 mg/m3	
		100 ppm	
US. OSHA Table Z-2 (29 CFR 1910.1000)			
Components	Туре	Value	
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	Ceiling	300 ppm	
•	TWA	200 ppm	
US. OSHA Table Z-3 (29 CFR 1910.1000)		• •	
Components	Туре	Value	Form
Talc (CAS 14807-96-6)	TWA	0.3 mg/m3	Total dust.
		0.1 mg/m3	Respirable.
		20 mppcf	

US. OSHA Table Z-3 (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Components	Туре	Value	Form
		2.4 mppcf	Respirable.
US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Value			_
Components	Туре	Value	Form
acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	STEL	750 ppm	
	TWA	500 ppm	
Carbon Black (CAS	TWA	3 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction.
1333-86-4)	T)4/4	5 / 0	
Dibutyl Phthalate (CAS 84-74-2)	TWA	5 mg/m3	
64-74-2) Ethyl benzene (CAS	TWA	20 ppm	
100-41-4)		20 pp	
isopropanol (CAS 67-63-0)	STEL	400 ppm	
	TWA	200 ppm	
Methyl acetate (CAS	STEL	250 ppm	
79-20-9)			
	TWA	200 ppm	
Talc (CAS 14807-96-6)	TWA	2 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	TWA	20 ppm	
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)	STEL	150 ppm	
	TWA	100 ppm	
US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Cher	nical Hazards		
Components	Туре	Value	Form
acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	TWA	590 mg/m3	
		250 ppm	
Carbon Black (CAS	TWA	0.1 mg/m3	
1333-86-4)		og	
Dibutyl Phthalate (CAS	TWA	5 mg/m3	
84-74-2)			
Ethyl benzene (CAS	STEL	545 mg/m3	
100-41-4)		12E nnm	
	TWA	125 ppm	
	IVVA	435 mg/m3	
inanananal (CAC 67 62 0)	OTE!	100 ppm	
isopropanol (CAS 67-63-0)	STEL	1225 mg/m3	
	T) A / A	500 ppm	
	TWA	980 mg/m3	
Magnasium aarbazata	T\0/0	400 ppm	Doonirahla
Magnesium carbonate (CAS 546-93-0)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Respirable.
(2 0 .0 00 0)		10 mg/m3	Total
Methyl acetate (CAS	STEL	760 mg/m3	
79-20-9)		_	
		250 ppm	
	TWA	610 mg/m3	
		200 ppm	
Talc (CAS 14807-96-6)	TWA	2 mg/m3	Respirable.
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	STEL	560 mg/m3	
		150 ppm	
	TWA	375 mg/m3	
		100 ppm	
US. Workplace Environmental Ex	posure Level (WEEL) Guides		
Components	Туре	Value	

Biological limit values

ACGIH Biological Exposure Indices

Components	Value	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling Time
acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	50 mg/l	Acetone	Urine	*
Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4)	0.15 g/g	Sum of mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid	Creatinine in urine	*
isopropanol (CAS 67-63-0)	40 mg/l	Acetone	Urine	*
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	0.3 mg/g	o-Cresol, with hydrolysis	Creatinine in urine	*
	0.03 mg/l	Toluene	Urine	*
	0.02 mg/l	Toluene	Blood	*
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)	1.5 g/g	Methylhippuric acids	Creatinine in urine	*

^{* -} For sampling details, please see the source document.

Exposure guidelines

US - California OELs: Skin designation

1-Methoxy-2-propyl acetate (CAS 108-65-6)

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

Can be absorbed through the skin.

US - Minnesota Haz Subs: Skin designation applies

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) Skin designation applies.

Appropriate engineering controls

Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Eye wash facilities and emergency shower must be available when handling this product.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).

Skin protection

Hand protection Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves. Suitable gloves can be recommended by the glove

supplier.

Other Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing.

Respiratory protection If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations below recommended exposure

limits (where applicable) or to an acceptable level (in countries where exposure limits have not

been established), an approved respirator must be worn.

Thermal hazards Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.

General hygiene considerations

When using do not smoke. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Contaminated work clothing should not

be allowed out of the workplace.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state Liquid. Form Liquid.

Color Black Opaque.

Odor Solvent.
Odor threshold Not available.
pH Not available.

Melting point/freezing point -144.4 °F (-98 °C) estimated
Initial boiling point and boiling 132.89 °F (56.05 °C) estimated

range

Flash point -4.0 °F (-20.0 °C) estimated

Evaporation rate Not available.

Flammability (solid, gas) Not applicable.

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Flammability limit - lower 2.6 % estimated

(%)

Flammability limit - upper 16 % estimated

(%)

Explosive limit - lower (%) Not available.

Explosive limit - upper (%) Not available.

Vapor pressure (%) Not available.

214.42 hPa estimated

Vapor densityNot available.Relative densityNot available.

Solubility(ies)

Solubility (water) Not available.

Partition coefficient Not available.

(n-octanol/water)

Auto-ignition temperature 850 °F (454.44 °C) estimated

Decomposition temperature Not available. **Viscosity** Not available.

Other information

Density 9.11 lbs/gal

Flammability class Flammable IB estimated

Percent volatile 62.61 % Specific gravity 1.09

VOC 0.6 lbs/gal Material

2 lbs/gal Regulatory 71 g/l Material 236 g/l Regulatory

10. Stability and reactivity

ReactivityThe product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.

Chemical stability Material is stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

reactions

Conditions to avoid Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Avoid temperatures exceeding the

flash point. Contact with incompatible materials.

Incompatible materials Strong acids. Strong oxidizing agents. Nitrates. Halogens.

Hazardous decomposition

products

No hazardous decomposition products are known.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure by inhalation. May cause

drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.

Skin contact Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Eye contact Causes serious eye irritation.

Ingestion Expected to be a low ingestion hazard.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and Symptoms material cause redness cause redness

Headache. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Nausea, vomiting. Severe eye irritation.

Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Skin irritation. May

cause redness and pain. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Dermatitis. Rash.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity Narcotic effects. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Components	Species	Test Results
acetone (CAS 67-64-1)		
<u>Acute</u>		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	20000 mg/kg
		20 ml/kg
Inhalation	.	- 0 # 411
LC50	Rat	76 mg/l, 4 Hours
		50.1 mg/l, 8 Hours
Oral		2000
LD50	Mouse	3000 mg/kg
	Rabbit	5340 mg/kg
	Rat	5800 mg/kg
Carbon Black (CAS 1333-86-4)		
<u>Acute</u>		
Oral	D-4	N 0000 # -
LD50	Rat	> 8000 mg/kg
Dibutyl Phthalate (CAS 84-74-2)		
Acute		
Dermal LD50	Rabbit	4200 mg/kg
LD30	Nabbit	
L.L.L.C.		20 ml/kg
Inhalation LC50	Mouse	25 mg/l, 2 Hours
LC30		
2 - 1	Rat	15.68 mg/l, 4 Hours
Oral LD50	Guinea pig	10000 mg/kg
LD30	Mouse	4840 mg/kg
	Rat	6300 mg/kg
Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4)		
<u>Acute</u> Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	17800 mg/kg
Oral	. tabbit	Troop mg mg
LD50	Rat	3500 mg/kg
sopropanol (CAS 67-63-0)		5555 mg mg
Acute		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	12800 mg/kg
Oral		
	Mouse	3600 mg/kg
LD50		
LD50	Rabbit	5.03 g/kg
LD50		
	Rabbit Rat	5.03 g/kg 4.7 g/kg
Methyl acetate (CAS 79-20-9)		

Components	Species	Test Results
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)		Tool Noodilo
Acute		
<u>Pouto</u> Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	12124 mg/kg
		14.1 ml/kg
Inhalation		J
LC50	Mouse	5320 ppm, 8 Hours
		400 ppm, 24 Hours
	Rat	26700 ppm, 1 Hours
		12200 ppm, 2 Hours
		8000 ppm, 4 Hours
Oral		0000 ppm, 4 mours
LD50	Rat	2.6 g/kg
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)	· tat	2.0 g/kg
Acute		
<u>Dermal</u>		
LD50	Rabbit	> 43 g/kg
Inhalation		
LC50	Mouse	3907 mg/l, 6 Hours
	Rat	6350 mg/l, 4 Hours
Oral		-
LD50	Mouse	1590 mg/kg
	Rat	3523 - 8600 mg/kg
		5 5

^{*} Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

Causes serious eye irritation.

Skin corrosion/irritation Causes skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/eye

irritation

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Respiratory sensitization Not a respiratory sensitizer.

Skin sensitization May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Germ cell mutagenicity Suspected of causing genetic defects.

Carcinogenicity Suspected of causing cancer.

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

Carbon Black (CAS 1333-86-4)

Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4)

2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.

2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) 3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans. Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7) 3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not listed.

Reproductive toxicity Components in this product have been shown to cause birth defects and reproductive disorders in

laboratory animals. May damage fertility or the unborn child.

Specific target organ toxicity -

single exposure

May cause drowsiness and dizziness.

Specific target organ toxicity -

repeated exposure

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Aspiration hazard Not an aspiration hazard.

Chronic effects Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged inhalation may be

harmful. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity Toxic to aquatic life. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Components		Species	Test Results
acetone (CAS 67-64-1)			
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	21.6 - 23.9 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Rainbow trout,donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	4740 - 6330 mg/l, 96 hours
Dibutyl Phthalate (CAS 84-7	4-2)		
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	2.99 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Channel catfish (Ictalurus punctatus)	0.4 - 0.53 mg/l, 96 hours
Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41	-4)		
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	1.37 - 4.4 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas)	7.5 - 11 mg/l, 96 hours
isopropanol (CAS 67-63-0) Aquatic			
Fish	LC50	Bluegill (Lepomis macrochirus)	> 1400 mg/l, 96 hours
Methyl acetate (CAS 79-20-	9)	,	5 .
Aquatic	,		
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas)	295 - 348 mg/l, 96 hours
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)			
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	5.46 - 9.83 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Coho salmon,silver salmon (Oncorhynchus kisutch)	8.11 mg/l, 96 hours
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)			
Aquatic			
Fish	LC50	Bluegill (Lepomis macrochirus)	7.711 - 9.591 mg/l, 96 hours

^{*} Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

Persistence and degradability No data is available on the degradability of this product.

Bioaccumulative potential

Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)

acetone	-0.24
Dibutyl Phthalate	4.9
Ethyl benzene	3.15
isopropanol	0.05
Methyl acetate	0.18
Toluene	2.73
Xylene	3.12 - 3.2

Mobility in soil No data available.

Other adverse effects No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation

potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructionsCollect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Do not allow

this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches

with chemical or used container. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with

local/regional/national/international regulations.

Local disposal regulations Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

Hazardous waste code

The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste

disposal company.

Waste from residues / unused

products

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see:

Disposal instructions).

Contaminated packaging

Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.

14. Transport information

DOT

UN1263 **UN** number

UN proper shipping name Paint, Paint Related Material

Transport hazard class(es)

Class 3 Subsidiary risk 3 Label(s) Ш Packing group

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

IB2, T7, TP1, TP8, TP28 Special provisions

Packaging exceptions 150 Packaging non bulk 202 Packaging bulk 242

IATA

UN1263 **UN** number

Paint, Paint Related Material **UN** proper shipping name

Transport hazard class(es)

Class 3 Subsidiary risk П Packing group **Environmental hazards** No. **ERG Code** 3H

Other information

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Passenger and cargo

aircraft

Allowed.

Not established.

Cargo aircraft only Allowed.

IMDG

UN1263 **UN** number

Paint, Paint Related Material **UN** proper shipping name

Transport hazard class(es)

Class 3 Subsidiary risk Ш Packing group **Environmental hazards**

Marine pollutant No. **EmS** F-E, S-E

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and

the IBC Code

DOT



Material name: 2.1 VOC HS Acryl Lacq Prim Blk HT-77401-1 Version #: 01 Issue date: 06-22-2015

IATA; IMDG



15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations

This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication

Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

TSCA Chemical Action Plans, Chemicals of Concern

Dibutyl Phthalate (CAS 84-74-2) Phthalates Action Plan

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

acetone (CAS 67-64-1) Listed. Dibutyl Phthalate (CAS 84-74-2) Listed. Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4) Listed. isopropanol (CAS 67-63-0) Listed. Methyl acetate (CAS 79-20-9) Listed. Nitrocellulose (CAS 9004-70-0) Listed. Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) Listed. Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7) Listed.

SARA 304 Emergency release notification

Not regulated.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not listed.

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Immediate Hazard - Yes **Hazard categories**

Delayed Hazard - Yes Fire Hazard - Yes Pressure Hazard - No Reactivity Hazard - No

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Not listed.

SARA 311/312 Hazardous

No

chemical

SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

Chemical name	CAS number	% by wt.	
Dibutyl Phthalate	84-74-2	1 to <5	
isopropanol	67-63-0	1 to <5	
Xylene	1330-20-7	1 to <5	
Ethyl benzene	100-41-4	0.1 to <1	
Toluene	108-88-3	0.1 to <1	

Other federal regulations

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

Dibutyl Phthalate (CAS 84-74-2) Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4) Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Not regulated.

Safe Drinking Water Act Not regulated.

(SDWA)

Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 2, Essential Chemicals (21 CFR 1310.02(b) and 1310.04(f)(2) and Chemical Code Number

acetone (CAS 67-64-1) 6532 Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) 6594

Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 1 & 2 Exempt Chemical Mixtures (21 CFR 1310.12(c))

acetone (CAS 67-64-1) 35 %WV Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) 35 %WV

DEA Exempt Chemical Mixtures Code Number

acetone (CAS 67-64-1) 6532 Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) 594

US state regulations

US. California Controlled Substances. CA Department of Justice (California Health and Safety Code Section 11100)

Not listed.

US. California. Candidate Chemicals List. Safer Consumer Products Regulations (Cal. Code Regs, tit. 22, 69502.3, subd.

(a))

acetone (CAS 67-64-1)

Carbon Black (CAS 1333-86-4)

Dibutyl Phthalate (CAS 84-74-2)

Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4)

isopropanol (CAS 67-63-0)

Talc (CAS 14807-96-6)

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)

Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List

acetone (CAS 67-64-1)

Carbon Black (CAS 1333-86-4)

Dibutyl Phthalate (CAS 84-74-2)

Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4)

isopropanol (CAS 67-63-0)

Magnesium carbonate (CAS 546-93-0)

Methyl acetate (CAS 79-20-9)

Nitrocellulose (CAS 9004-70-0)

Talc (CAS 14807-96-6)

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)

Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

acetone (CAS 67-64-1)

Carbon Black (CAS 1333-86-4)

Dibutyl Phthalate (CAS 84-74-2)

Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4)

isopropanol (CAS 67-63-0)

Magnesium carbonate (CAS 546-93-0)

Methyl acetate (CAS 79-20-9)

Nitrocellulose (CAS 9004-70-0)

Talc (CAS 14807-96-6)

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)

Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law

acetone (CAS 67-64-1)

Carbon Black (CAS 1333-86-4)

Dibutyl Phthalate (CAS 84-74-2)

Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4)

isopropanol (CAS 67-63-0)

Methyl acetate (CAS 79-20-9)

Nitrocellulose (CAS 9004-70-0)

Talc (CAS 14807-96-6)

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)

Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

US. Rhode Island RTK

acetone (CAS 67-64-1)

Dibutyl Phthalate (CAS 84-74-2)

Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4)

isopropanol (CAS 67-63-0) Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

US. California Proposition 65

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Carcinogenic substance

Carbon Black (CAS 1333-86-4)
Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4)
Silicon dioxide (CAS 14808-60-7)
Listed: February 21, 2003
Listed: June 11, 2004
Listed: October 1, 1988

US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Developmental toxin

Inventory name

Dibutyl Phthalate (CAS 84-74-2)
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)

Listed: December 2, 2005
Listed: January 1, 1991

US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Female reproductive toxin
Dibutyl Phthalate (CAS 84-74-2)
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)

Listed: December 2, 2005
Listed: August 7, 2009

US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Male reproductive toxin

Dibutyl Phthalate (CAS 84-74-2) Listed: December 2, 2005

International Inventories

Country(s) or region

Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	No
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	No
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	No
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	No
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	No
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	No
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	No
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	No

^{*}A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s) A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue date 06-22-2015

Version # 01

United States & Puerto Rico

HMIS® ratings Health: 2*

Flammability: 3

Physical hazard: 0

NFPA ratings Health: 2

Flammability: 3 Instability: 0

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Material name: 2.1 VOC HS Acryl Lacq Prim Blk HT-77401-1 Version #: 01 Issue date: 06-22-2015 No

On inventory (yes/no)*